

Quilience (Mazindol ER) a New Approach to treat Type I & Type II Narcolepsy POLARIS Clinical Development Program



## Why study mazindol ER in narcolepsy – Key Highlights

- Unmet medical need in narcolepsy
- Novel mechanism of action targeting both Orexin (OX2R) and monoaminergic systems: norepinephrine, dopamine, serotonin
- Once daily dose
- Long history of positive safety data and well tolerated
- Clinical evidence that the drug addresses both sleepiness and cataplexy (NT1 and NT2)
- Proven low potential for abuse, misuse, or diversion
- Possibility to be use as monotherapy for narcoleptic patients (with and without cataplexy)





Polaris program currently represents two U.S. clinical trials both approved by FDA/ WIRB

NLS-1021 Phase IIa A four-week double-blind, placebo controlled, randomized, US multicenter study of Mazindol ER 3 mg once daily vs. placebo (1:1)

NLS-1022 Open Label Extension, An Open Label Extension Study available for individuals following completion of the four-week NLS 1021 study. This OLE study offers participants the opportunity to take oral Mazindol ER once daily in the morning for up to six months.

## **Summary of Interim Top-Line Efficacy Results**

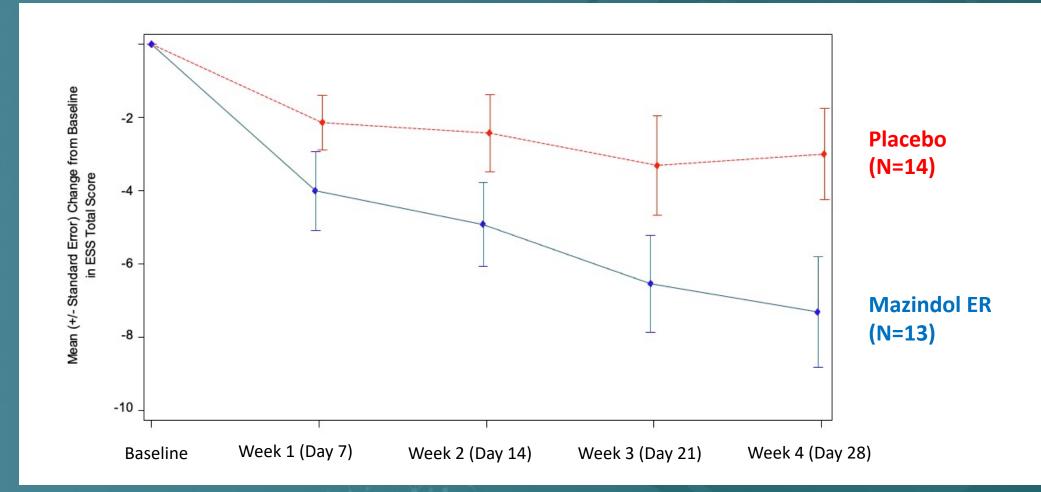
- Clinically meaningful improvement in ESS score at 4 weeks:
  - -7.3 ESS score reduction vs. baseline in the active group
  - ✤ -4.3 ESS score difference vs placebo.
- Rapid onset of action and clinical effect (within 1 week)
- Sustained EDS improvement all along the treatment period
- Placebo effect seen up to 2<sup>nd</sup> week, stabilized from week 3
- Statistical power affirmed; Phase 2a trial to continue as initially designed



#### **Primary Endpoint: Change from Baseline to Last Visit on Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS)** (ITT Population)

# Mean (+/- Standard Error) Change

from Baseline in Epworth Sleepiness Scale (ESS) Total Score by Visit



## **Summary of Interim Top-Line Safety Results**

- No patient discontinued treatment to due to adverse reactions
- All AEs resolved spontaneously, no intervention was required
- **No** serious adverse events or unexpected AEs
- Well-tolerated with the most commonly known adverse reactions occurring at low frequencies
- Possible dose increases given solid safety profile

